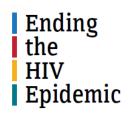


# ENDING THE HIV EPIDEMIC: A PLAN FOR AMERICA



www.hiv.gov

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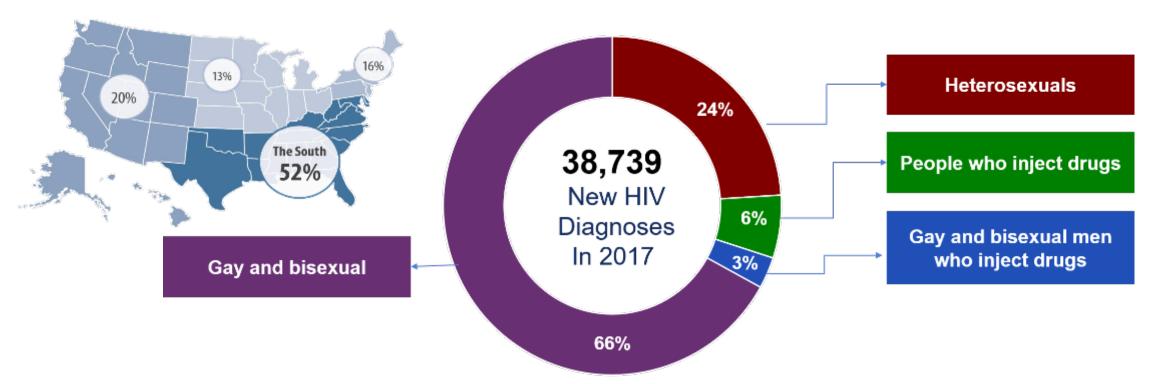








## **DEMOGRAPHICS OF THE HIV EPIDEMIC**



- African Americans

   accounted for 43% of HIV diagnoses
   and 13% of the population
- Hispanics/Latinos

   accounted for 26% of HIV diagnoses
   and 18% of the population
- From 2010 to 2016, HIV diagnoses increased 46% among **AI/AN** overall and 81% among AI/AN gay and bisexual men

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# **ENDING THE HIV EPIDEMIC: A PLAN FOR AMERICA**

# **GOAL:**

75% reduction in new HIV infections in 5 years

90% reduction in 10 years.

and at least

### **FOCUSED EFFORT**

- 48 Counties, DC, and San Juan account for 50% of new infections
- 7 States with substantial number of HIV cases







# THE TIME IS NOW: RIGHT DATA, RIGHT TOOLS, RIGHT LEADERSHIP

# Epidemiology

 Most new HIV infections are clustered in a limited number of counties and specific demographics

# Antiretroviral Therapy

- Highly effective, saves lives, prevents sexual transmission; increasingly simple and safe

# Pre-exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP)

FDA-approved and highly effective drug to prevent HIV infections

### Proven Models of Care and Prevention

- 25 years of experience engaging and retaining patients in effective care

There is a real risk of HIV exploding again in the U.S.

due to several factors
including injection drug
use and diagnostic
complacency among
healthcare providers

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# GOAL

75% reduction in new HIV infections in 5 years and at least 90% reduction in 10 years.





Diagnose all people with HIV as early as possible.

**Treat** people with HIV rapidly and effectively to reach sustained viral suppression.





**Prevent** new HIV transmissions by using proven interventions, including pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) and syringe services programs (SSPs).



**Respond** quickly to potential HIV outbreaks to get needed prevention and treatment services to people who need them.







# Pillar 1: Diagnose Diagnosing and Linking People with HIV to Effective Care is Critical for Stopping New HIV Transmissions

### **HIV TRANSMISSIONS IN 2016**

% OF PEOPLE WITH HIV	STATUS OF CARE	ACCOUNTED FOR X% OF NEW TRANSMISSIONS*
15%	didn't know they had HIV	38%
23%	knew they had HIV but weren't in care	43%
11%	in care but not virally suppressed	20%
51%	taking HIV medicine and virally suppressed	0%

<sup>8</sup> in 10

NEW INFECTIONS COME FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE NOT IN HIV CARE.

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<sup>\*</sup>Values do not equal 100% because of rounding





# Pillar 2: Treat HIV Treatment Keeps People Healthy and Prevents New Infections







People with HIV who take HIV medicine as prescribed & get and keep an undetectable viral load (or stay virally suppressed) stay healthy and have

# effectively no risk

of transmitting HIV to their HIVnegative sexual partners

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**Pillar 3: Prevent** 

**PrEP: Underutilized & Effective Prevention Tool** 

More than

1 Million

Persons who might benefit from PrEP

Only about

10%

Who could benefit from PrEP are using it

# Encouraging Trends among MSM at high risk

Between 2014 - 2017

Use of PrEP - 6% **7** 35% Awareness - 60% **7** 90%

CDC. Vital Signs November 2015

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. CDC HIV Prevention Progress Report, 2019. Accessed 3/15/2019. <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/pdf/policies/progressreports/cdc-hiv-preventionprogressreport.pdf">https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/pdf/policies/progressreports/cdc-hiv-preventionprogressreport.pdf</a>
Poster at CROI, 2019 - Changes in HIV PrEP Awareness and Use Among Men Who Have Sex with Men, 2014 vs. 2017 note: source of this data is the NHBS and is non-representative sample

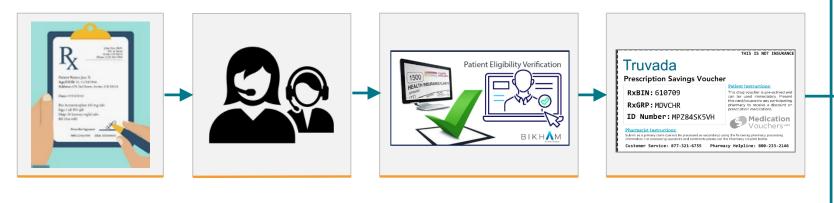
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# **HHS PrEP Program**

#### **Initial Rollout (Nationwide):**

4,250 patients in the first six months, and up to 10,000 patients in the first year

- Announced September 27, 2019



#### To qualify for the program, a patient must:

- Lack health insurance coverage for outpatient prescription drugs;
- Have a valid "on-label" prescription; and
- Have appropriate testing showing that the patient is HIV-negative.

Any provider with a qualified patient can access the program.







# Pillar 3: Prevent Comprehensive Syringe Services Programs (SSPs) Don't Increase Illegal Drug Use or Crime, but DO Reduce HIV Risk



Providing testing, counseling, and sterile injection supplies helps prevent outbreaks of other diseases. For example, SSPs are associated with a <u>50% decline</u> in the risk of HIV transmission.



Users of SSPs were <u>three</u> <u>times more likely</u> to stop injecting drugs.



When two similar cities were compared, the one with an SSP had **86% fewer syringes** in places like parks and sidewalks.







Detect developing clusters and outbreaks



Help people with HIV and those at risk to stay well



Focus resources on the people and areas that need them most



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## **EHE/NHASP Indicators – How Will We Measure Success**

# **LEADING INDICATORS\***



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# **Ending the HIV Epidemic Budget**

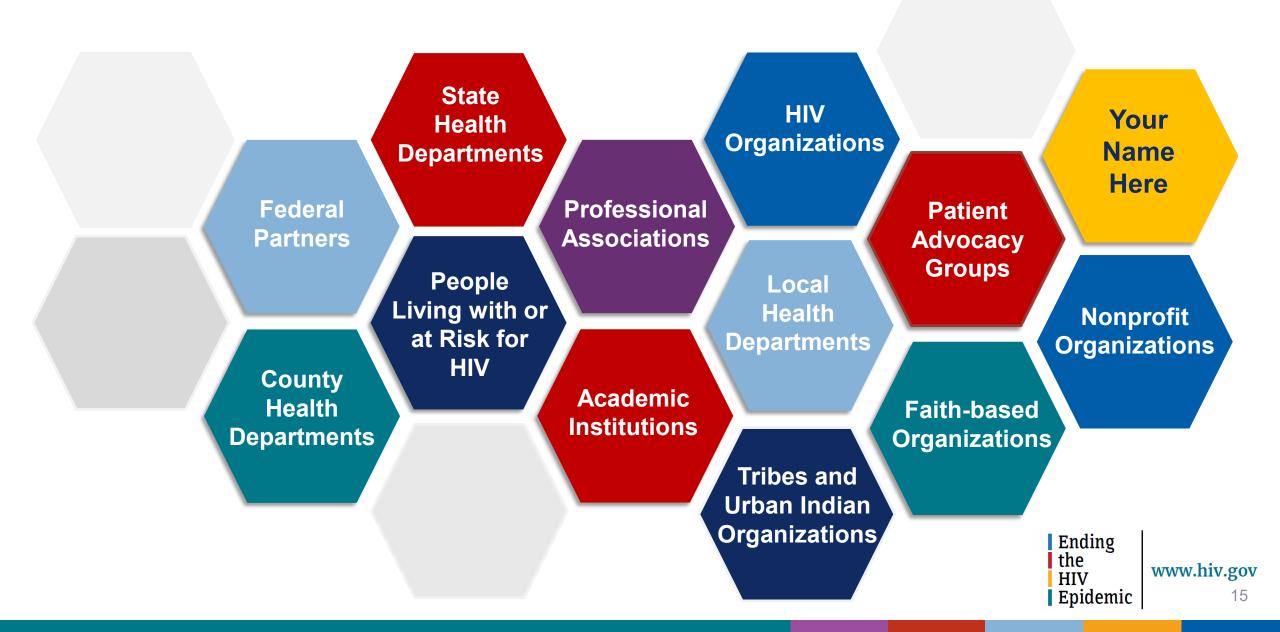
- FY 2020- \$140 Million
- FY 2021 Data has been Embargoed



# **Regional Approach**

- Shared, Goal, Mission and Expected Outcomes
- Agreed Upon Process for Decision Making
- Clear Roles and Responsibilities
- Accountability mechanisms
- Method for ensuring resources get to areas of most need

# WHOLE-OF-SOCIETY INITIATIVE



### FOR FUTURE UPDATES

 For more information, sign up for the Ending the HIV Epidemic listserv on <u>HIV.gov</u> and visit:

https://www.hiv.gov/federal-response/ending-the-hiv-epidemic/overview



Ending the HIV Epidemic: A Plan for America.

Subscribe to the Ending the HIV Epidemic list today.





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**Epidemic Initiative** 

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Office of the Assistant Secretary

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